

# AST Output



## Accidents indicators



# AST Reporting Accidents

Trends for total number of accidents involving aircraft with MTOW above 2250 and per subcategories

Mid Air collisions

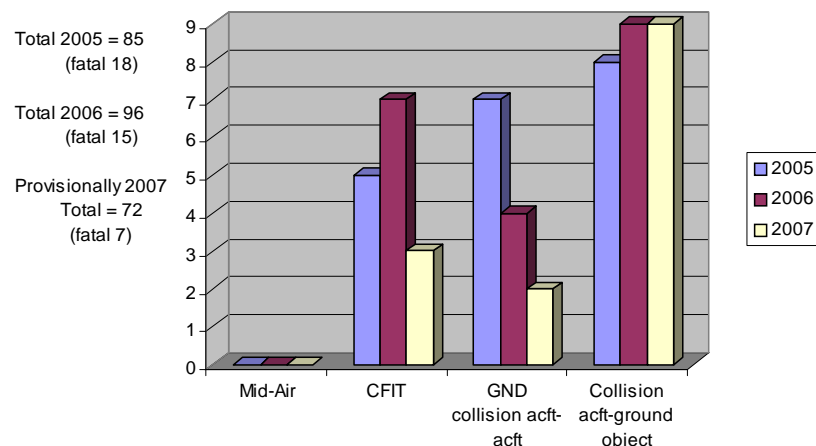
CFIT

Collision on the ground between aircraft

Collision between airborne aircraft and objects on the ground

Collision on the ground between aircraft and vehicle/object

Number of accidents per category  
(aircraft with MTOW above 2250 kg)



Could be combined in  
Collision acft and  
object/vehicle on  
the ground



# AST Reporting Accidents

Distribution of accidents per subcategories, detailing: out of which x were fatal, y having an ATM (Indirect or direct) contribution

Mid Air collisions

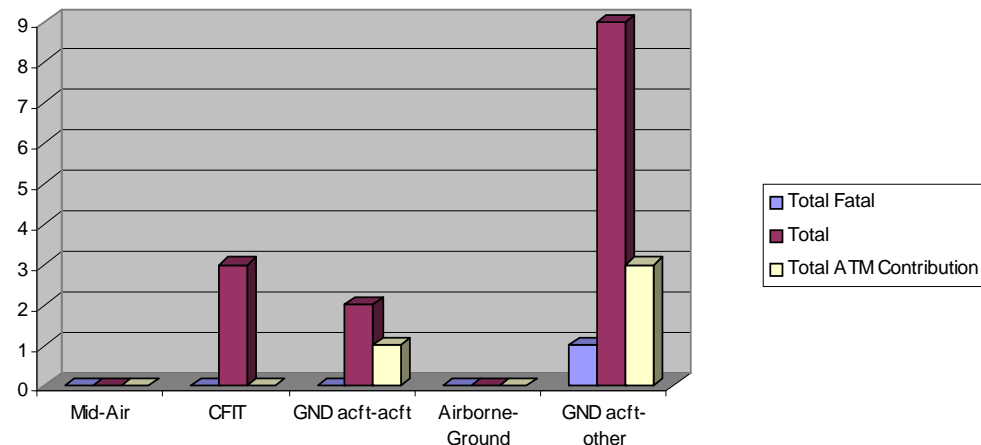
CFIT

Collision on the ground between aircraft

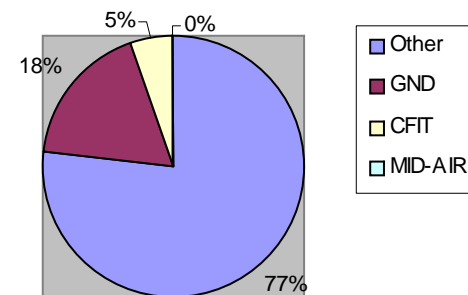
Collision between airborne aircraft and objects on the ground

Collision on the ground between aircraft and vehicle/object

Number of accidents per category  
2007 figures



Accident Distribution 2007

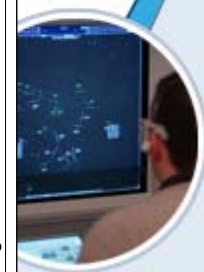
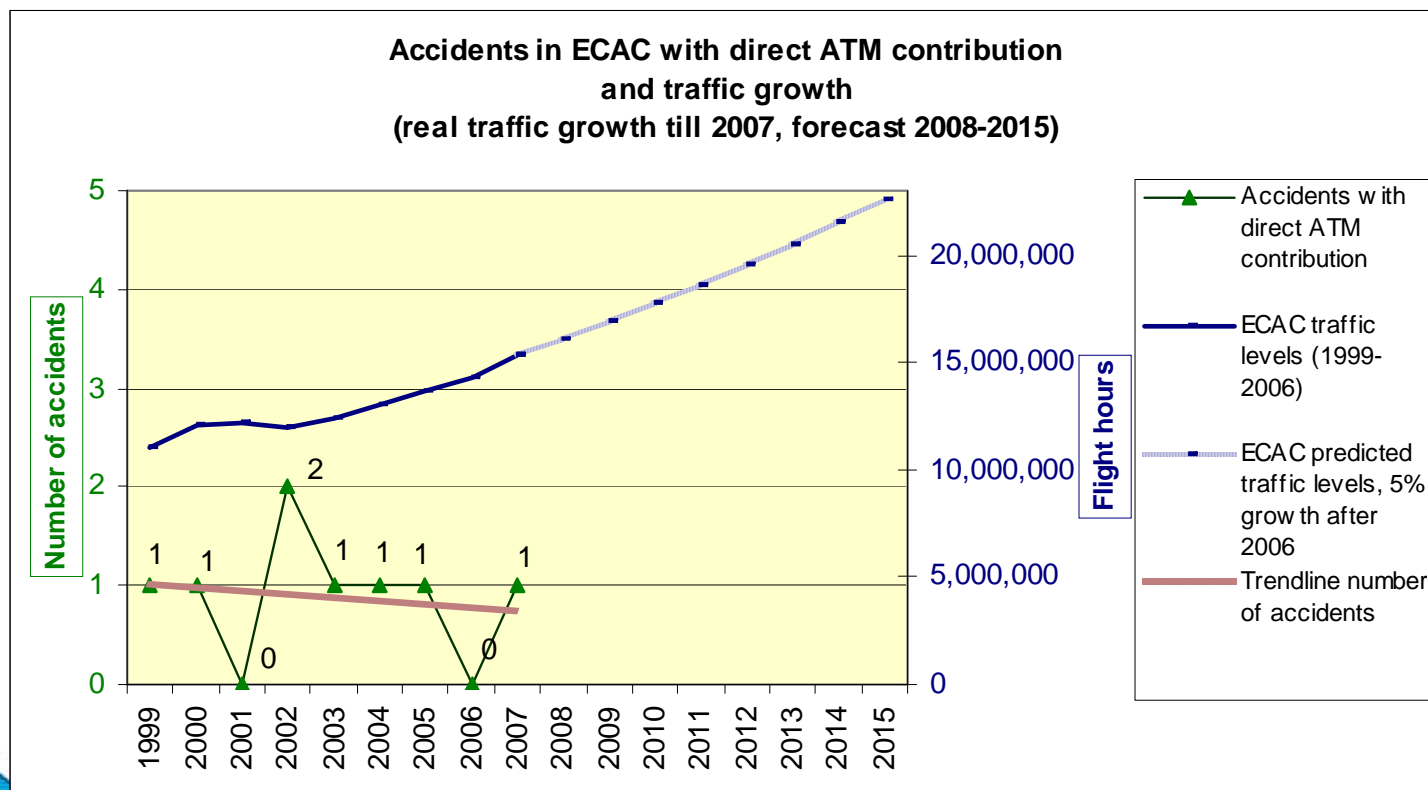


# AST Reporting

## Achieved Level of ATM Safety in ECAC

MTOW above 2250 restriction

accidents involving Commercial Aircraft with Direct ATM Contribution



# AST Reporting

## ATM related incidents

### Incidents indicators

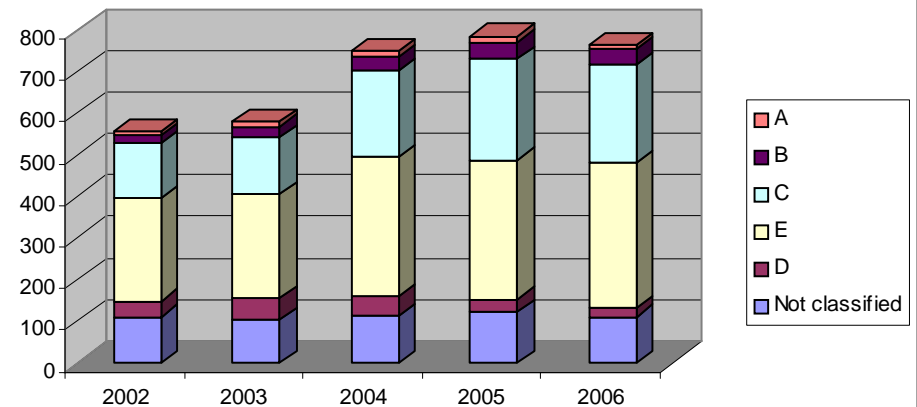


# AST Reporting

## ATM related incidents - Overview

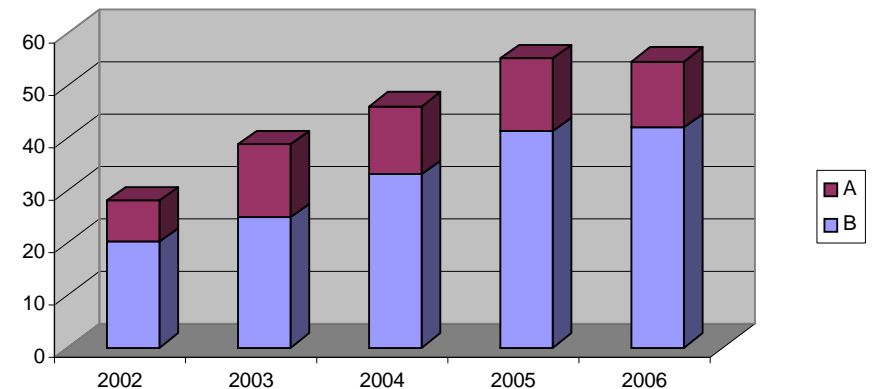
Trend of Total numbers of ATM related incidents against flight hours (of the states which have reported AST)

Total ATM Related Incidents  
(occurrence per million flight hours and severity)



Trend of the Severity A and B

Total ATM Related Incidents  
(occurrence per million flight hours and severity)

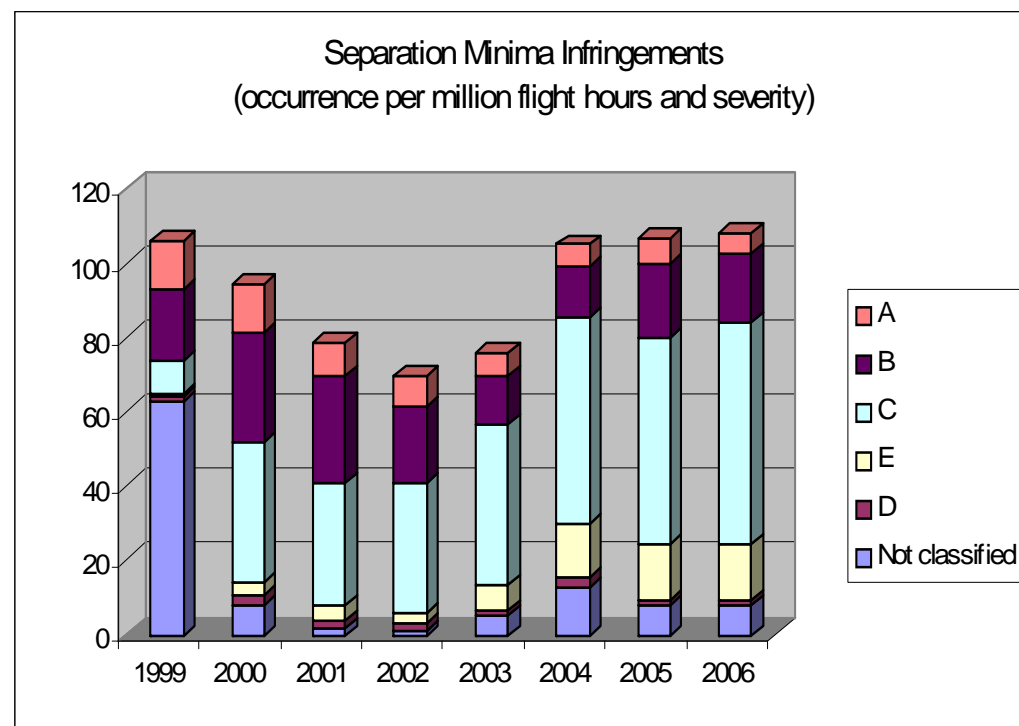




# AST Reporting

## Separation Minima Infringement

Trend of total numbers of SMIs against flight hours





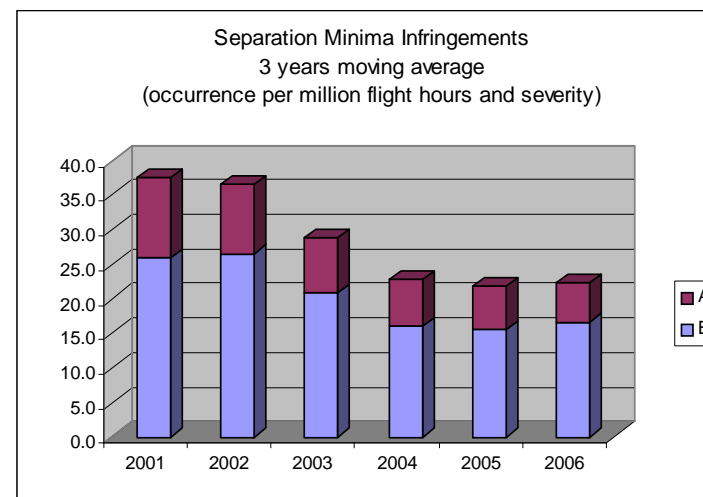
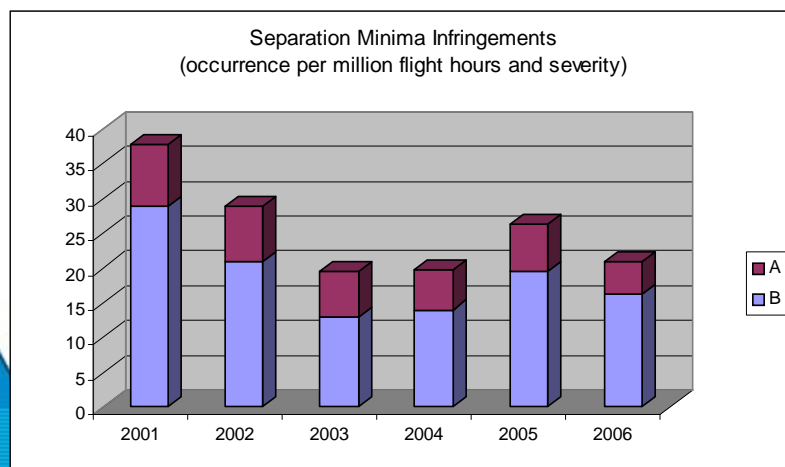
# AST Reporting

## Separation Minima Infringement

Trend of Severity A and B of SMI against flight hours  
two examples shown

Year by year

3 years moving average



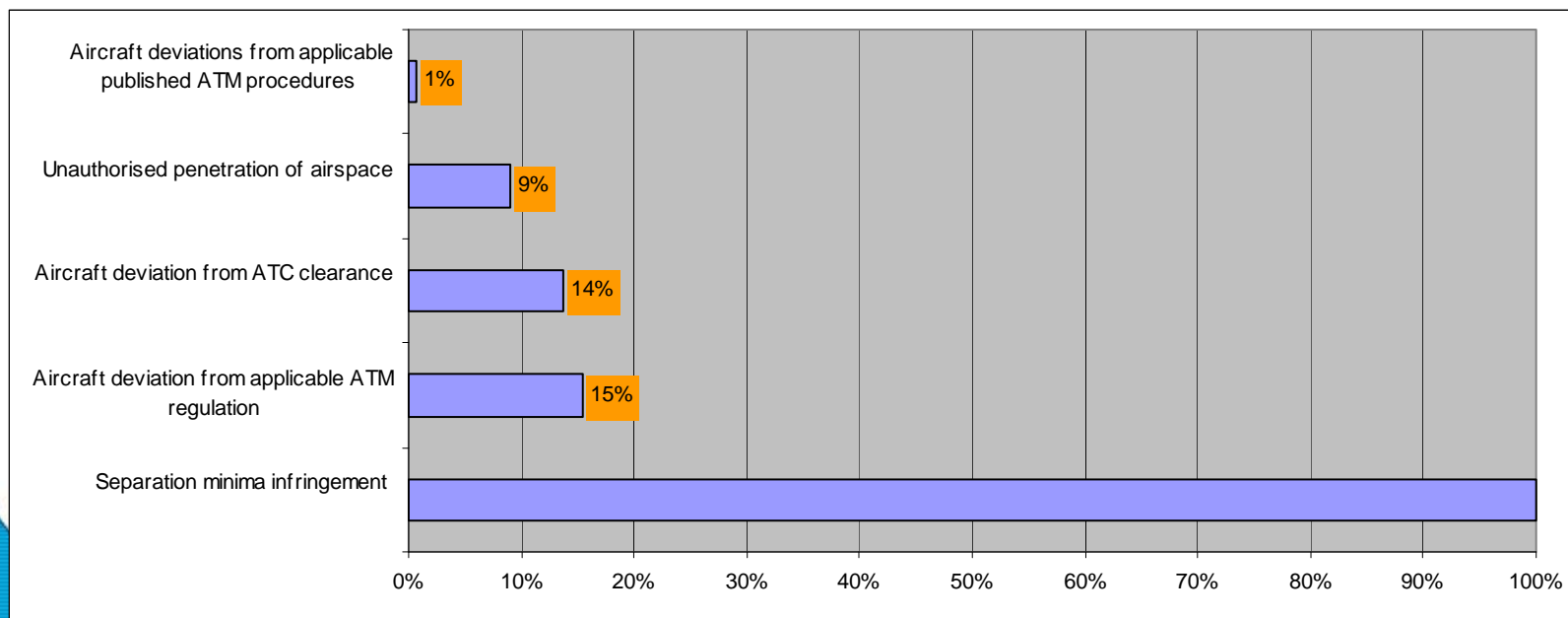
# AST Reporting

## Separation Minima Infringement

“Overlap” between SMI and other type of incidents

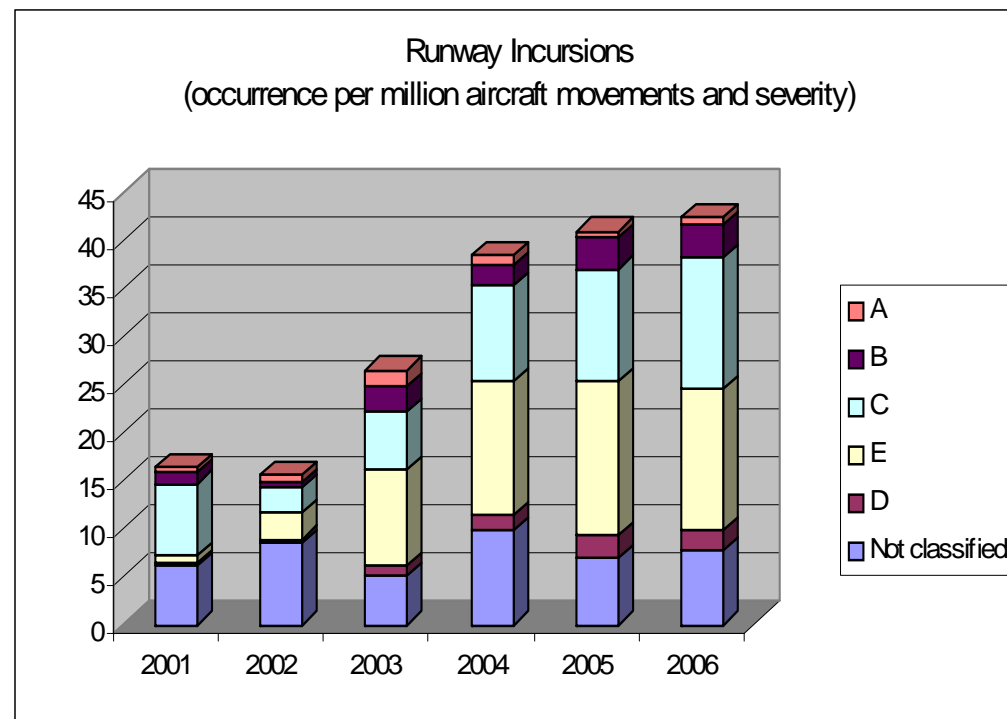
Overlap = incidents categorised both as SMI and another type(s) of incidents

How to read the graph: 9% of the SMIs were also Unauthorised Penetration of Airspace



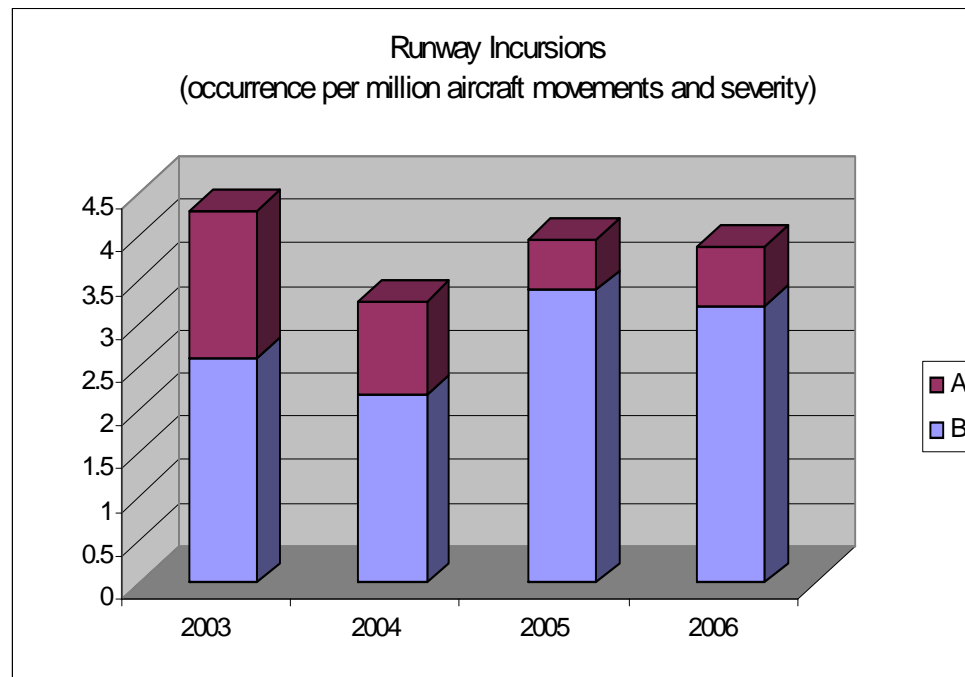
# AST Reporting Runway Incursions

Total numbers against number of movements (arrivals + departures)



# AST Reporting Runway Incursions

... and same for severity A and B



# AST Reporting

## Other sub-categories

Un-authorized penetration of airspace  
Deviation from ATC Clearance  
Deviation from applicable ATM regulation  
Inadequate Separation  
Near CFIT  
Runway Excursion

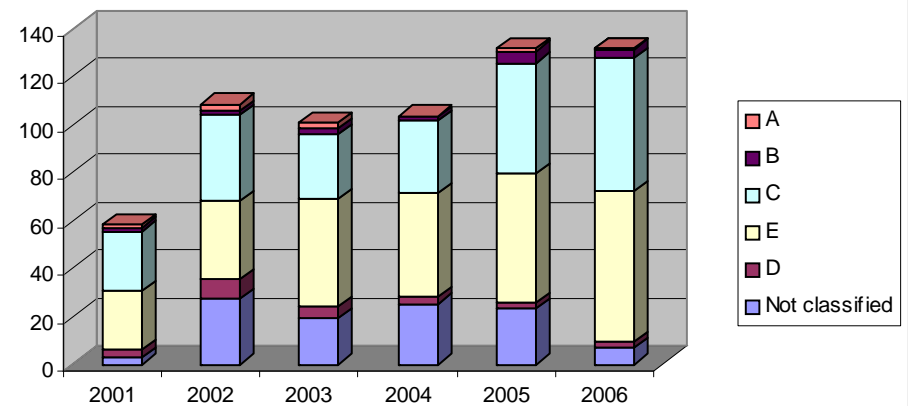


# AST Reporting

## Other sub-categories

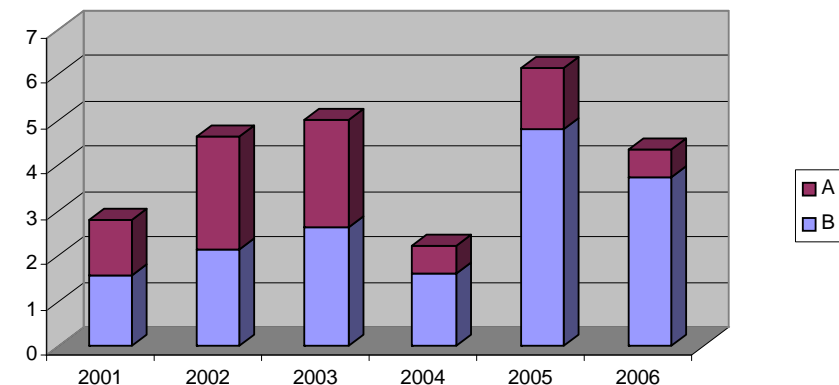
Trend of total numbers of category X incidents against flight hours (of the states which have reported AST)

Unauthorised Penetration of Airspace  
(occurrence per million flight hours and severity)



Trend of the Severity A and B

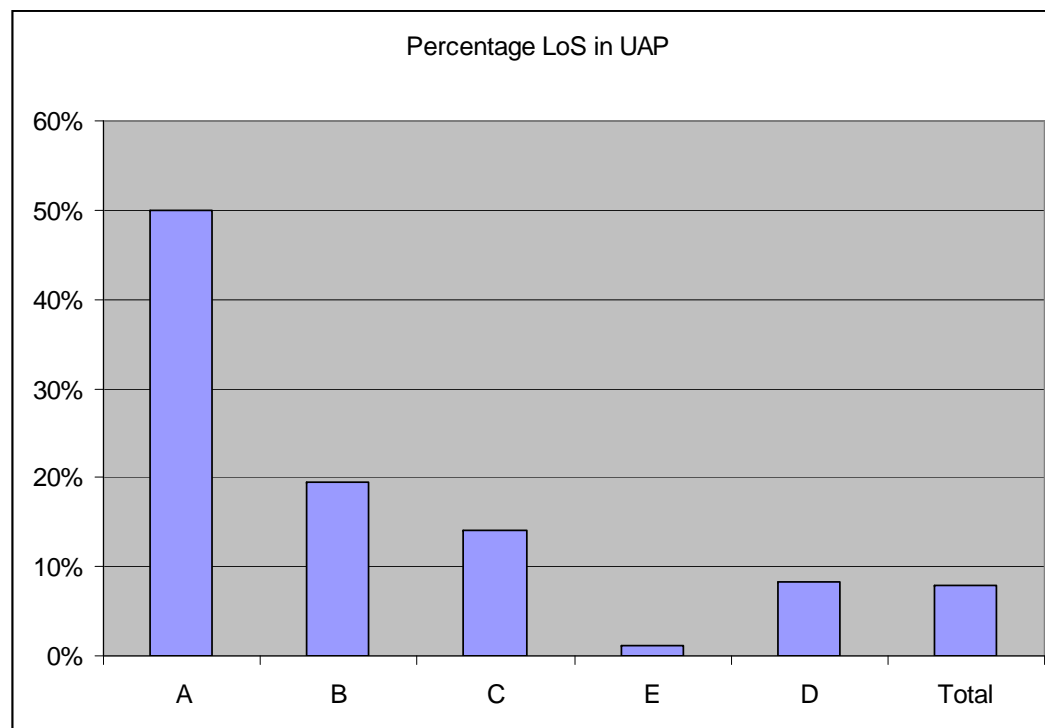
Unauthorised Penetration of Airspace  
(occurrence per million flight hours and severity)



## AST Reporting Unauthorised Penetration of Airspace (UPA)

“Overlap” between UPA and “losses of separation” (i.e. SMI and Inadequate separations) – 2006 data

Only half Severity A (4 out of 8) UPA were also losses of separation



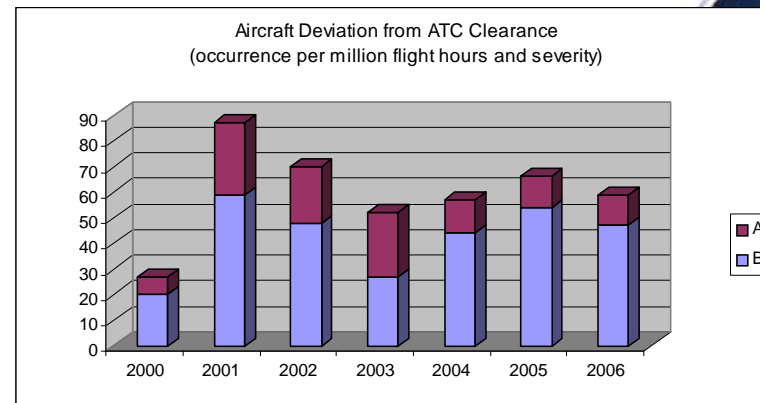
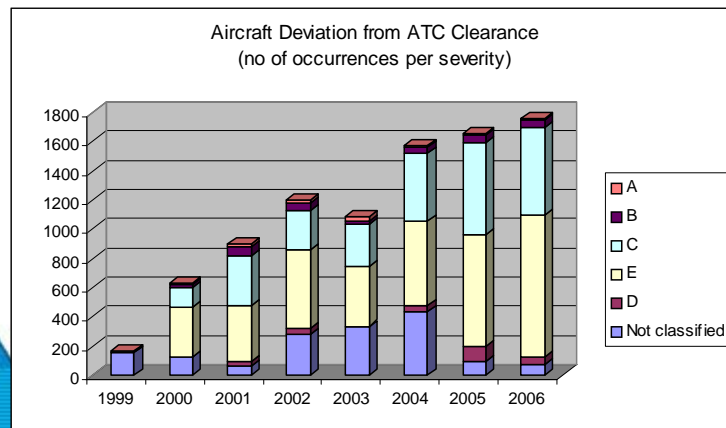


# AST Reporting

## Aircraft Deviation from ATC Clearance

Total numbers of incidents in this category increased by 5% - in line with the traffic growth.

The numbers of risk bearing incidents has also stabilised in comparison with last year's figures. The number of incident reported in 2005 is similar with 2004

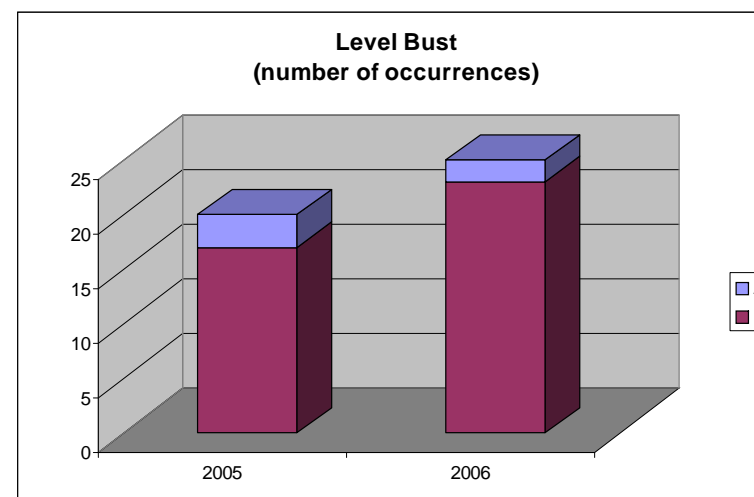
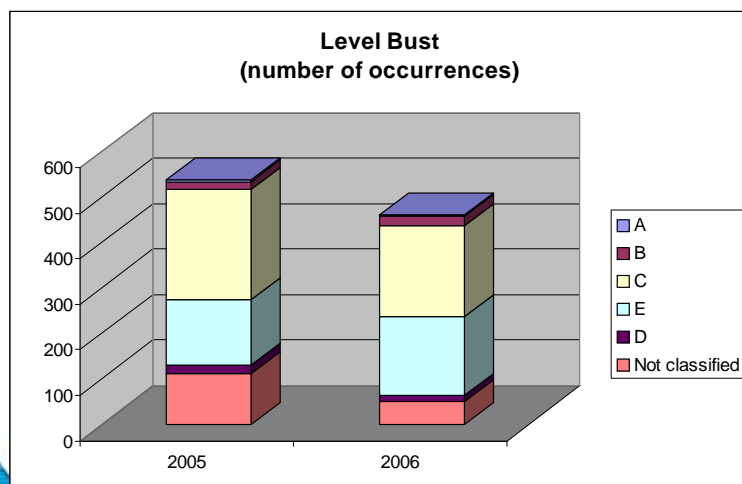


# AST Reporting

## Level Bust

In 2006 the total reported data for Level Busts show a decrease of 14% compared to last year.

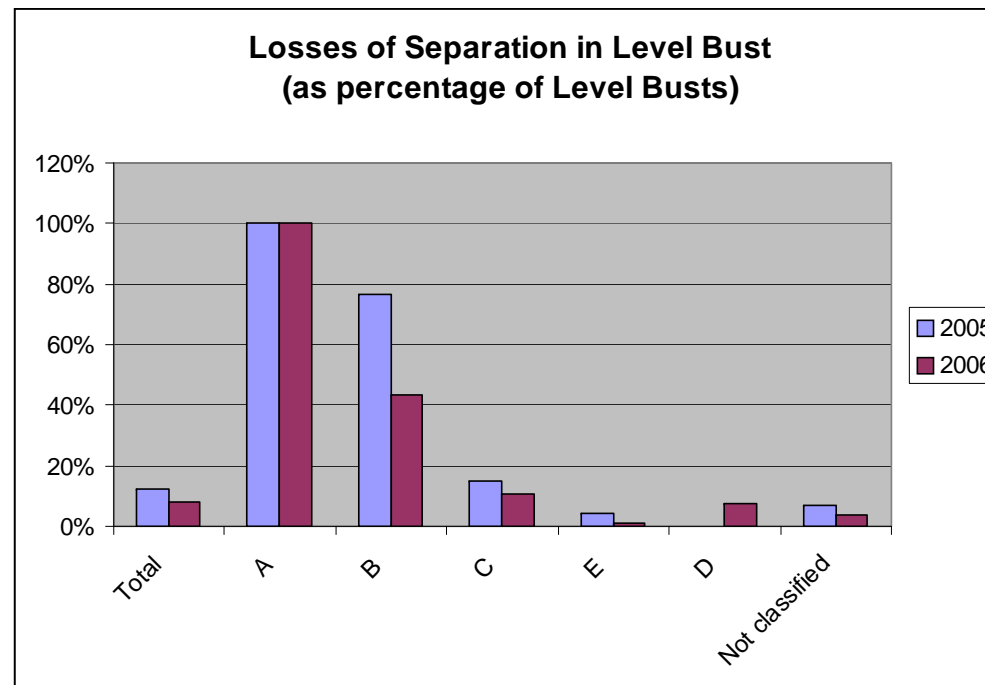
In the risk bearing categories, the severity-A Level Busts decreased (from 3 to 2) the severity-B Level Busts increased (from 17 to 23).



# AST Reporting Level Bust

Of the total of reported Level Busts, 8% resulted in a Loss of Separation (LoS), 4% less than in 2005

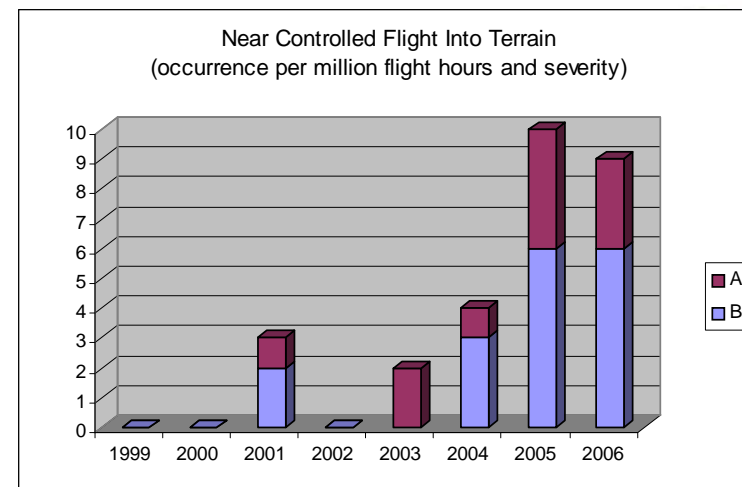
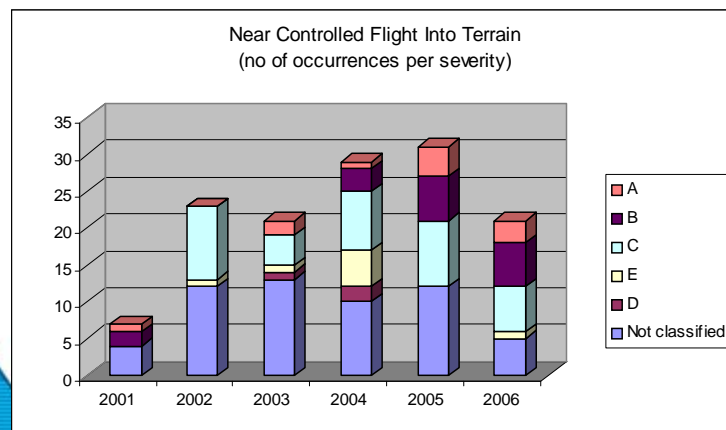
Of all the risk bearing Level Busts the majority resulted in a Loss of Separation - 100 % for Severity A (as in 2005), and 43 % for Severity B (down from 76% in 2005).



# AST Reporting Near CFIT

The total numbers of incidents in this category have decreased (21 in 2006, 31 in 2006).

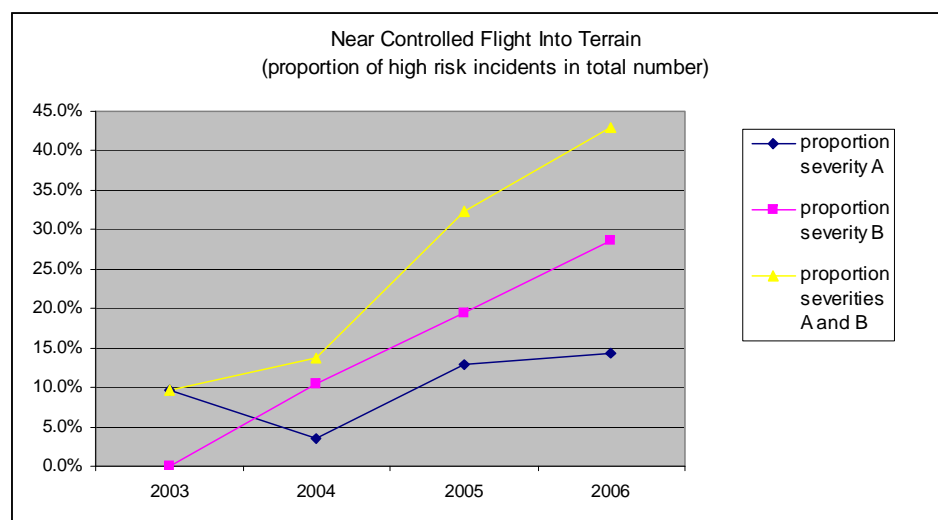
However, the risk bearing incidents are almost at the same high level as in 2005 (3 severity A in 2006 vs. 4 in 2005, and 6 severity B in both 2006 and 2005) after a marked increase in 2005.



# AST Reporting Near CFIT

Although overall numbers of incidents in this category are low, the proportion of risk bearing incidents (severity A and severity B) in the total number of CFITs is very high (43% in 2006, 32% in 2005) and continues to increase over time.

For comparison the proportion of risk bearing incidents in separation minima infringement is around 20% and for runway incursions is 9-10%



# AST Reporting

## ATM specific occurrences

### ATM specific occurrences indicators

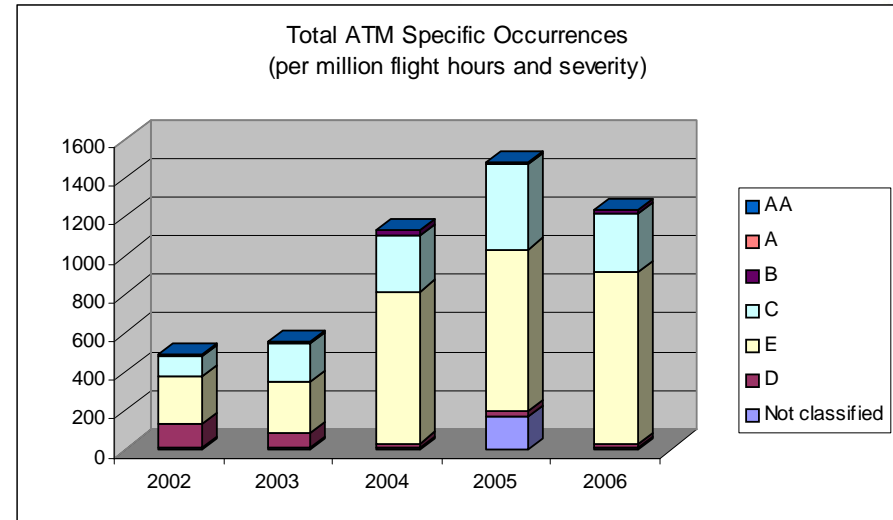




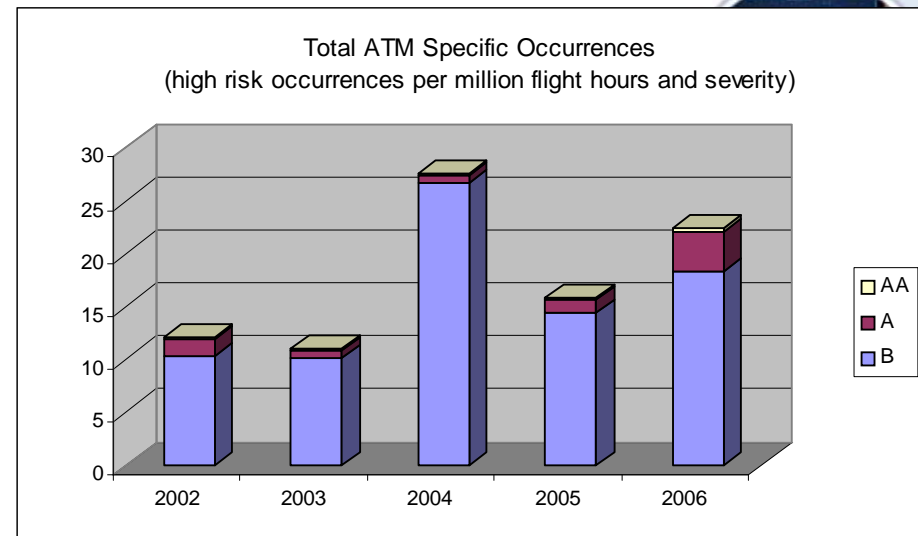
# AST Reporting

## ATM specific occurrences - Overview

Trend of total numbers  
against flight hours (of the  
states which have reported  
AST)



Trend of the Severity AA, A  
and B

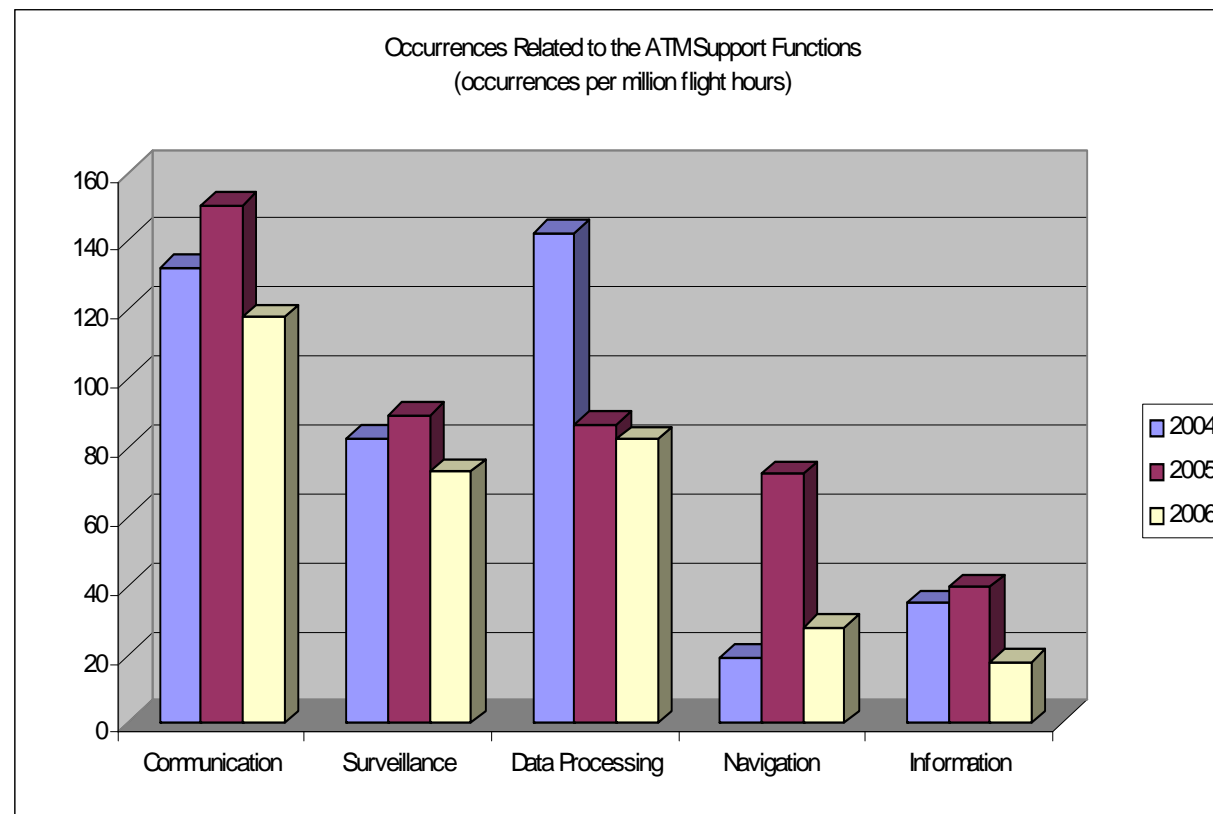




# AST Reporting

## ATM specific occurrences - Overview

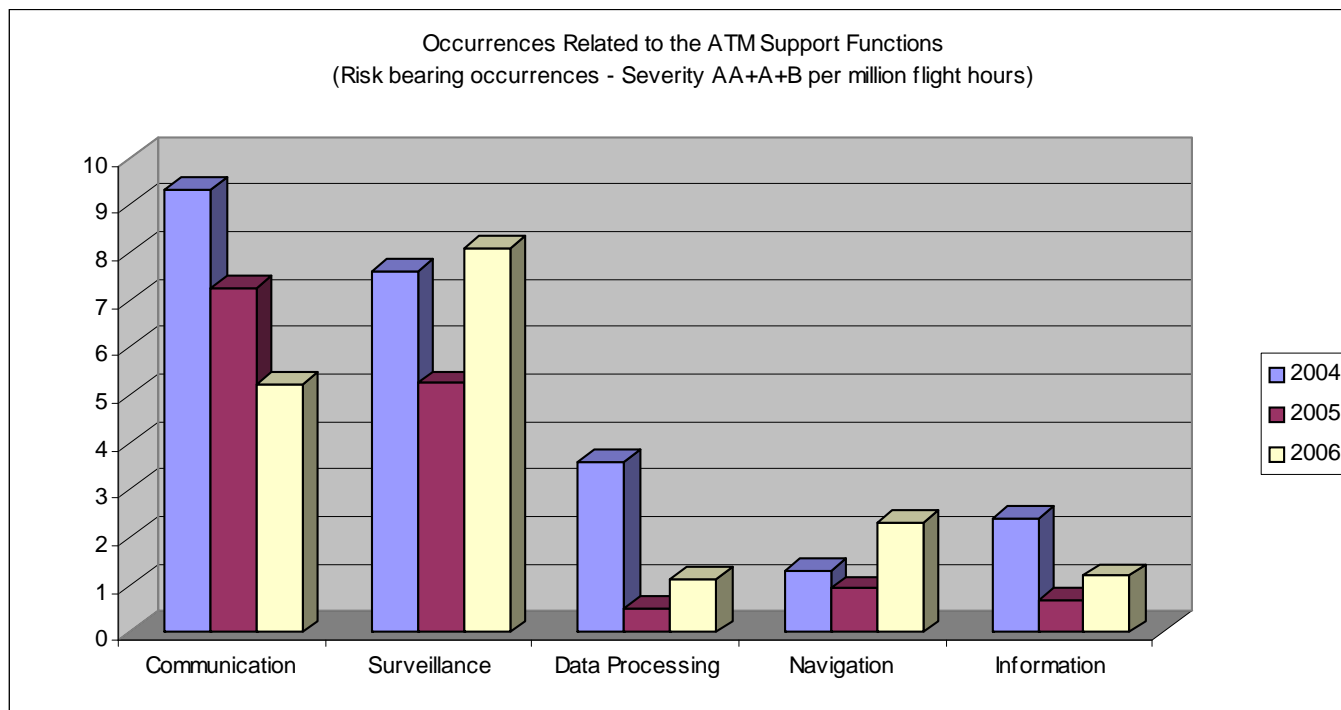
Trend of the occurrences related to the ATM Support functions



# AST Reporting

## ATM specific occurrences - Overview

Trend of the severity AA, A and B of the occurrences related to the ATM Support functions.



# AST Output

